W6ARA

#### PAARA NEWSLETTER

VOLUME 60, NUMBER 7, July 2010

**K6OTA** 

K6YQT

# PAARAgraphs

The Official Newsletter of the

### Palo Alto Amateur Radio Association, Inc.

Celebrating 73 years as an active amateur radio club—Since 1937



**July 9**, **PAARA Meeting**, 7:00 p.m.

Menlo Park Rec Ctr 700 Alma Street, Menlo Park

**July 21**, **Board Meeting**, 7:00 p.m. Palo Alto Red Cross 400 Mitchell Lane

July 21, DEADLINE for July PAARAgraphs submissions Send items for publication to Robin Yee, KI6YTA, at KI6YTA@ARRL.net



#### You won't want to miss our next meeting! JULY 9, 2010

Our program will be...

#### The Official DXpedition Video of the January 1999 ZL9CI DXpedition to Campbell Island

This great James Brooks film chronicles the record-breaking effort at New Zealand's most remote sub-arctic outposts.

#### **President's Corner**

CQ Field Day, CQ Field Day, W6ARA, Whisky Six America Radio America, Field Day! At long last Field Day is upon us and we are just about to activate Signal Ridge, as someone named it, at Bedwell Bayfront Park. As I write this, propagation still looks a little dicey, but we are going to have a great time no matter what.



If you missed the last PAARA general meeting, then you missed out on a chance to prepare yourself for the FD experience. Dean Straw, N6BV, past editor of 5 editions of the ARRL Antenna Book, gave us a great introduction to being a good contest operator. For me, the big takeaways were to keep the contact brief and efficient with a minimum of words, develop a rhythm, and just keep at it even when the going is slow. On the latter point, there have been times near the end of the contest when I have only been making one contact every 5 minutes or so. That isn't the most fun, but I still get a couple of points every 5 minutes. It sure beats

(Continued on page 75)Pres Corner

## Welcome New PAARA Members!

K6CLS, Cliff Sojourner, Sunnyvale N4FGU, Andrew Schein, Sunnyvale KJ6HZC, Seth Morabito, Santa Clara KI6RWY, Bob Van Tyle, San Jose

650-366 0636

650-856-2748

#### VE Exams, 3rd Saturday each month, 10:30AM, 145.23- PL=100Hz

Redwood City Main Library, Community Conference Room 1044 Middlefield Road, Redwood City, CA

contact: http://amateur-radio.org/ or Al, WB6IMX@att.net

#### **ELECTRONICS FLEA MARKET**

Sponsorship by A.S.V.A.R.O. (Association of Silicon Valley Amateur Radio Organizations)

Second Saturday of month, March-October, 6am-2pm

Howard M. Krawetz, N6HM 650-856-9761 Contact: http://www.electronicsfleamarket.com

LIVERMORE SWAP MEET. Now in Robertson Park, Livermore, every first Sunday of the month. 7 am to 11:30 am. Free admission for buyers. For further info, see

www.larkswap.com or contact Ian Parker, W6TCP at swapmeet@livermoreark.org

#### PAARA Palo Alto Amateur Radio Association

Meets 1st Friday 7:00pm each month at Menlo Park Rec. Center; Net 145.230 - PL 100Hz Mondays at 8:30. See our website at <a href="http://www.paara.org/">http://www.paara.org/</a> for more information Or contact: Joel Wilhite KD6W, KD6W@ARRL.NET, 650-325-8239

#### FARS Foothills Amateur Radio Society

Meets 4th Friday each month at 7:30pm contact: http://www.fars.k6ya.org/

#### NCDXC Northern California DX Club

meets 2nd Friday 7:30pm each month.

repeater for member info 147.360, Thursday 8:00PM

contact: http://ncdxc.org/ or Mike Gavin W6WZ, (650) 851 8699

#### **OCWA** Chapter 11

Northern California Quarter Century Wireless Association

Meets third Wednesday monthly at Harry's Hofbrau in Redwood City @ 11:30 AM. Guests are welcome. Saturday morning net on 146.850 MHz, PL 114.8

#### NorCalQRP Northern California QRP Club

meets 1st Sunday each month

contact: http://www.norcalgrp.org/

**SPECS** Southern Peninsula Emergency Communication System

meets each Monday 8:00pm on Net 145.27, 440.80 MHz contact: http://specsnet.org/ or Tom Cascone, KF6LWZ, 650-688-0441

#### **SCARES** South County Amateur Radio Emergency Service

meets 3<sup>rd</sup> Thursday 7:30pm each month, San Carlos City Hall. Net is on 146.445 [PL 114.8] & 444.50 (PL-100) 7:30 Monday evenings.

contact: President Gary D. Aden, K6GDA 650-743-1265(D),650- 595-5590 (N)

E-mail: pres@k6mpn.org Web: http://k6mpn.org

#### SCCARA Santa Clara County Amateur Radio Association

Operates W6UU & W6UU/R, repeater 146.985-pl Nets: 2m, 7:30pm Mon; 70cm, 442.425+ (pl 107.2) Thur

meets 2<sup>nd</sup> Mon each month @ 7:30 PM.

contact: http://www.gsl.net/sccara/ or Clark Murphy KE6KXO 408-262-9334 ARRL/VEC license testing contact 408-507-4698

#### SVECS Silicon Valley Emergency Communications

Operates AA6BT repeater (146.115 MHz+)

contact: http://www.svecs.net/ or Lou Stierer WA6QYS 408 241 7999

#### TEARS The Elmer Amateur Radio Society

Dedicated to operational training, knowledge building & FCC exam testing. KV6R repeater under construction

Contact AA6T@ARRL.NET . Most members are Extra

class or VE's See ORZ dot com/ky6r for class info

#### WVARA West Valley Amateur Radio Association

W6PIY six-meter repeater on 52.58mHz. Normally, six-meters is linked with 147 and 223, while 441

and 1286 repeaters are linked

52.58 (-500) 151.4 ctcss 147.39 (+600) 151.4 ctcss UHF:

223.96 (+1.6) 156.7 ctcss

441.35 (+5.0 88.5) ctcss 1286.20 (-12m) 100.0 ctcss

Meetings are 3<sup>rd</sup> Wednesday of every month. contact: <a href="http://wvara.org/">http://wvara.org/</a>, Bill Ashby N6FFC, 408-267-3118, N6FFC@Juno.com, or

N6FFC@ARRL.NET

#### American Red Cross. SANTA CLARA VALLEY CHAPTER

contact: <a href="http://santaclaravalley.redcross.org/">http://santaclaravalley.redcross.org/</a> or Scott Hensley KB6UOO, (408) 967 7924 fshensley@Novell.com

(please send changes to PAARAgraphs editor: KI6YTA@arrl.net)

Please contact Rick Melrose to settle your 2010 membership dues so you can keep receiving your PAARAgraphs.

#### Palo Alto Amateur Radio Association, Inc.

PO Box 911 Menlo Park, CA 94026

#### Officers

President	Kristen McInrtyre, K6W2	x 510-703-4942
	kristen@alum.mit.edu	
Vice President	Doug Teter, KG6LWE	650-367-6200
	dteter@wcwi.com	
Secretary	Rick Melrose K6RDM	408-341-9070
	k6rdm@arrl.net	
Treasurer	Ron Chester, W6AZ	408-243 2221
	ron@taxheln.com	

#### Directors

Directors			
Past President ('10)	Joel Wilhite, KD6W	650 325 8239	
	kd6w@arrl.net		
Director ('10)	. Rob Riley, KI6INR	650 799-1607 (cell)	
	kg6hvw@arrl.net		
Director ('11)	Byron Beck KG6UOB	408-735-8604	
	kg6uob@arrl.net		
Director ('10)	Mark Cohen K6EF		
	markc@binaryfaith.com		
Director ('10)	Larry Rebarchik N6CCH	650-218-0091 (cell)	
	N6CCH@arrl.net		

#### **Appointed Positions** .Vic Black, AB6SO Membership.....

*	ab6so@smrn.com	
Database	Rick Melrose K6RDM	408-341-9070
	k6rdm@arrl.net	
Chaplain	Rev. Rick Line, KG6TMD	650 323 8544
•	kg6tmd@arrl.net	
Public Affairs	Vacant	
Station Trustee W6OTX	, K6YQT, W6ARA	Gerry Tucker, N6NV
Station Trustee K6OTA	••••	Ron Chester, W6AZ
Property Manager	Gerry Tucker, N6NV	
Fund Raising Coordinato	r .Bob Korte, KD6KYT	408 396 4745
_	bob@rgktechsales.com	
Padga Coordinator	Lynn Contra VC6 IDV	

Badge Coordinator.....Lynn Gentry, KG6JPV Historian..... Christopher McIntyre, KG6SVI

Raffle Coordinator......Jim Rice, K6AK 650-851-2274 Ticket Master .....Kyle Rice, KG6MSK

Field Day Coordinator.....Doug Teter, KG6LWE ASVARO Rep.....Rolf Klibo, N6NFI

n6nfi@arrl.net ..Mark Cohen K6EF Webmaster.....

.....markc@binaryfaith.com Technical Coordinator.....Joel Wilhite. KD6W.......650-325-8239

kd6w@arrl.net OSL Manager..... .. Rob Riley, KI6INR (cell) 650 799-1607

ki6inr@arrl.net

Speaker Coordinator Doug Teter, KG6LWE 650 325 8239 dteter@wcwi.com

#### PAARAgraphs Staff

#### Editorial Board

ROBIN YEE KI6YTA PAUL PETACH KI6OXV Kristen McIntyre K6WX Vic Black AB6SO Joel Wilhite, KD6W Ron Chester W6AZ

Editors	Paul Petach, KI6QXV	Robin Yee, KI6YTA
	paaraeditor@gmail.com	KI6YTA@arrl.net
Advertising	Ron Chester, W6AZ	408-243-2221
-	ron@taxhelp.com	
Member Profiles	Terry Finn, AA6T	650-366-9111
Technical Tips	Vic Black, AB6SO	650-366 0636
_	ab6so@smrn.com	
Photographer	Bill Young, K6VWO	

Celebrating 73 years as an active ham radio club—Since 1937

(Continued from page 73)

no points at all. Another item that Dean stressed for phone is to avoid shouting so that you save your voice. I have certainly been guilty of losing my voice in a contest before! This is more important than you might imagine. Dean ended his talk by having us all be "live" stations in the meeting room, shouting CQ and logging contacts on paper. Dean and Rebar, N6CCH, even created some QRM, by shouting across the room to simulate more noise. It was bedlam, and was a wonderful demonstration of real life contesting. I was guite impressed with how seriously everyone took the exercise and how much fun it was for all of us. If I remember correctly, Rick, N6DQ, was the winner with a total of 13 contacts. Dave, AA6XV, was second with 11. Congratulations Rick and Dave.

On June 12th, all of the station captains and our network manager, Thomas, KG6ZOO, gathered at Doug, KG6LWE's shop in Redwood City to have something that reminded me of the old ethernet plugfests of old. We gathered all of our radios and computers on Doug's ping pong table, plus one more folding table, and set everything up to verify that it worked. Each computer was configured with WriteLog and was given an IP address for our local network. We verified that all machines were seen and were exchanging data. We also verified that WriteLog was properly driving the CW keyers. Lastly I verified that the receive crystal filters were all working with the K6WX relay drivers. Everything was a go after a few rough patches. One of those rough patches included a disk failure on David KI6ZHD's laptop which had to be reloaded from scratch. I know that was a lot of work, so thank you David!

Looking more carefully at propagation, we have had two M-class flares from sunspot 1081 in the last couple of days. There was also a nice radio burst and an extreme UV flash to go with the flares. At this writing, however, the sunspot number stands at a lonely zero, after being in the 40s for most of the last week, and the K index is 3. Looking at the rotating sun on my iPhone's 3d Sun application, I don't see any farside sunspots that will help us out. It's always possible that we could get another magnetic anomaly forming, but things look quiet at this moment. We'll just have to wait and see, and prepare to be flexible on our band plans.

Field Day 2010 is shaping up to be a great event. I hope you will plan to join us out at Bedwell Bayfront Park on June 25th through 27th. There are still operating opportunities, so don't hesitate to contact myself, Doug, or any other member of the Field Day team. If you know any young operators for our GOTA (Get On The Air) station, we especially would like to talk to you. Next month there will be a long list of thank you's, but for now, let me just say CU ON FD DE K6WX.

-Kristen (K6WX)

#### **Board Meeting Minutes** 6/16/10

The Board Meeting was relocated to Peninsula Bible Church on Middlefield Road, commencing at 7:45 PM on the 16<sup>th</sup> of June, 2010. Attending were Kristen McIntyre K6WX (Pres), Doug Teter KG6LWE (VP), Rick Melrose K6RDM (Sec. Database), Ron Chester W6AZ (Treas), Larry Rebarchik N6CCH (Dir), Byron Beck KG6UOB (Dir), Rob Riley KI6INR (Dir), Joel Wilhite KD6W (former Pres), Robin Yee KI6YTA (Editor), Gerry Tucker N6NV (Property Mgr), and Vic Black AB6SO (Membership). A quorum was present.

Secretary's Report: Rick K6RDM reports that the minutes of the 19th of May, Board meeting had been previously submitted and approved. Four new members joined the club at the June 4<sup>th</sup> meeting.

**President's Report:** Kristen K6WX reported that the Field Day procedure and training exercise that Dean Straw N6BV conducted at the last general meeting, was one of the most lively and enthusiastically received in memory. She reminded the board that PAARA will be handling the DeAnza Flea Market in September and that it's not too early to be starting on preparations. The club's participation in the Maker Faire was indeed good PR, but could benefit from better scheduling and organization next year to be as effective as it could be for us. One possibility would be signing people up for Tech classes

**Treasurer's Report:** Ron W6AZ reported that receipts from the last general meeting, our previous auction, and the flea market were good. A discussion followed regarding various aspects of the club raffle and how it serves the club.

**Vice President's Report:** Doug KG6LWE and Larry N6CCH said that preparations for Field Day are coming along very nicely. A "network day" last Saturday got the computer system up and working very smoothly. New aluminum for the Force 12 C3 antenna end tips has ar-

(Continued on page 82)

#### SmartMeters and Electric Power Measurement, Part 2

#### Steve Stearns, K6OIK

(This article appeared in its entirety in the April 2010 issue of the FARS Relay, http://archive.k6ya.org/relay/Relay1004.pdf)

#### (Continued from the June 2010 issue of PAARAgraphs)

An important point is that power harmonics are only created when current and voltage harmonics are both present simultaneously at the meter. A consumer's load directly causes only current harmonics. A utility's grid design determines its Thevenin source impedance and voltage purity at the consumer's meter. In this sense, a utility that skimps on infrastructure design causes power harmonics. As we will soon see, power harmonics, once created, can lead to phantom power that can affect the consumer's bill.

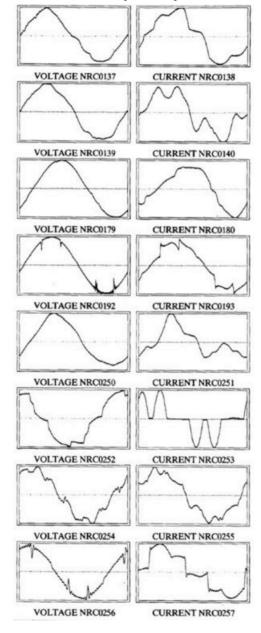


Figure 4. Measured voltage and current waveforms [Filipski].

Figure 4 shows more measured waveforms for eight different kinds of loads. Note how distorted AC voltage and current waveforms

Celebrating 73 years as an active ham radio club—Since 1937

(Continued from page 76)

can be. In general, if the current is not sinusoidal, then the voltage isn't either. The idea of clean sinusoidal AC power is a myth taught in school.

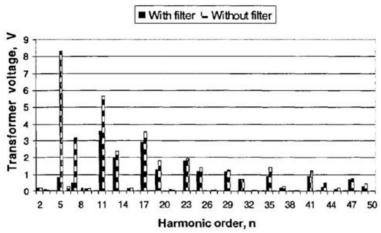


Figure 5. Voltage harmonics, [Lundquist].

The reader may ask how strong can the harmonics of a distorted voltage waveform be? Figure 5 gives some idea of the answer. The vertical axis is linear volts. The amplitudes of the harmonics are significant out as far out as the graph goes, to the  $50^{th}$  harmonic or 3 kHz. Odd harmonics are generally stronger than even harmonics. Harmonics do not decrease monotonically with harmonic order. For example, notice that the  $5^{th}$  and the  $11^{th}$  are stronger than their neighbors. Far out, however, the voltage harmonic amplitudes do roll off roughly as 1/n. Current harmonics generally roll off more slowly than voltage harmonics. It follows that the infinite series

$$P_{complex} = \frac{1}{2} V_n I_n^*$$

may converge slowly. Harmonics can, in fact, account for a significant fraction of total power. It should also be mentioned that the bandwidth of some electronic meters is greater than the 3 kHz used in Figure 5. The new meters are capable of sensing some 50 to 100 or more harmonics depending on model.

#### **Troubling Ouestions**

The discussion above leads us to some troubling questions, none of which has been satisfactorily researched or answered. The first question is how much can the meter readings differ between different watt-hour meters due to bandwidth differences alone. A mathematician would answer simply that if one meter's bandwidth includes M harmonics and another meter's bandwidth includes N, where N > M, and if both voltage and current are allowed to have arbitrary waveforms, then waveforms exist for which the second meter reports arbitrarily more power than the first meter does. One merely has to design the load to concentrate all dissipated power in the N - M highest harmonics. In this way, the first meter measures zero, while the second meter measures all of the load's power. An engineer would modify the question: For the current waveforms created by actual nonlinear loads that people have in their homes, by how much do the readings of different meters differ? This question can only be answered by surveys and laboratory measurements.

A specific question is: Do CFLs really save energy? As near as I can determine, the only evidence that CFLs save energy came from measurements made using old watt-hour meters, which had smaller measurement bandwidth and were blind to power in the higher-order harmonics of the voltage and current waveforms. Did any competent laboratory such as the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) ever measure the real power consumed by CFLs? Such measurements require specialized equipment for making power measurements. The measurements should be made in a shielded EMI chamber to eliminate stray RF pickup. Laboratory equipment would digitize the voltage and current waveforms of a load separately in a wide bandwidth, and compute the integrated product. It seems unlikely that such accurate measurements were ever made. The claims for the greater efficiency of CFLs were made years before people questioned watt-hour meter physics and performance. The Canadian and ANSI standards for electrical metering don't appear to include such tests among their test protocols. Any competent technician can measure current and voltage waveforms. A simple test setup for measuring CFL current and voltage waveforms with an oscilloscope is shown in Figure 6. However, making accurate power measurements when current waveforms are impulsive with harmonics in the ULF and VLF radio bands requires professional laboratory facilities.

(Continued from page 77)



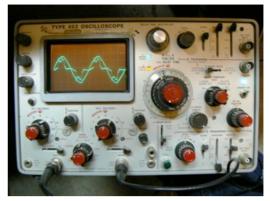


Figure 6. (a) Setup for testing CFLs; (b) measured waveforms [Korsak].

Concerning the accuracy of electronic power meters, one electric utility's engineers and consulting engineers (Florida Power) have stated in print: "Highly distorted waveforms (like those in Figure 3) often have a very high crest factor. Electronic meters have some limit to the maximum current magnitude they can interpret correctly because either they reach the upper limit of an A/D converter or somewhere in the electronic circuit an amplifier is driven to its limit; thus some signal truncation may occur under specific circumstances."

Now "truncation," the correct term is "limiting," would normally be to the customer's advantage if voltage and current samples were simply multiplied and accumulated. However, from the discussion surrounding Figure 2, we saw that electronic meters can use four quadrant accumulators. If a meter uses an FFT, like Cirrus Logic's CS5463 chip, instead of a Hilbert transform filter, then different algorithms for putting the FFT outputs into the quadrant accumulators can give greatly differing results. To see what can happen, consider the array of numbers.

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16

We are going to add the numbers, tallying positive and negative sums separately. Consider three methods for doing this. **Method 1**: First add all 16 numbers to get -8. Since the sum is negative, we put -8 in the negative accumulator and put zero in the positive accumulator. We write the result as (-8, 0).

**Method 2**: Sum each row by itself. Then put the negative row sums in the negative accumulator, and put the positive row sums in the positive accumulator. Since every row sum is -2, we again obtain (-8, 0).

**Method 3**: Sum each column by itself. Put negative column sums in the negative accumulator, and put positive column sums in the positive accumulator. Since column sums are 28, -32, 36, -40, we obtain (-72, 64).

Now suppose the first row corresponds to power in the first four harmonics determined from FFT no. 1. The second row corresponds to FFT no. 2, and so on through FFT no. 4. Suppose that positive numbers represent "active" power delivered from the grid to the customer, and negative numbers represent negative active power delivered from the customer to the grid. Next consider two different billing policies. Under Policy A, the utility bills for the net active power, i.e. the difference between the accumulators – the value in the positive accumulator minus the value in the negative accumulator. Under this policy, all three methods of tallying harmonic power result in a credit to the customer of 8 units. Now consider the effect of Policy B under which the utility bills for positive active power with no credit for negative active power. Under Policy B, Methods 1 and 2 result in a zero bill, but Method 3 results in a bill for 64 units. We see, therefore, that the customer's bill ranges from a credit of 8 to a debit of 64 depending on meter accumulation algorithm and billing policy. Odd, true. But this story has a more bizarre twist. As shown in the example above, each harmonic represents positive or negative active power by itself. It all depends on the relative phase between a voltage harmonic and its corresponding current harmonic at the point of measurement. However, nonlinearities inside the meter, such as limiting, affect these phase relationships. So while net power is unchanged, the directions of active power flow of individual harmonics can be modified and even reversed by nonlinearities in the meter itself. A customer might use 1 kWh, but the meter might report it as 3 kWh positive active and 2 kWh negative active, and the utility using Policy B would bill the customer for the 3 kWh and ignore the 2 kWh. In this example, the meter creates and adds phantom power in equal amounts to the customer's positive active and negative active accumulators. Normally such phantom power in both accumulators is cancelled when the accumulators are subtracted. However, under Policy B, this subtraction does not occur, and the customer is billed for the positive active phantom power in addition to his real power consumed. This is not fair. But it is altogether more unfair when it is

## PAARAgraphs—July 2010 Celebrating 73 years as an active ham radio club—Since 1937

(Continued from page 78)

the meter's own nonlinearity (e.g. limiting) that created the phantom power in the first place.

That nonlinearities in an electrical circuit can modify the phases of current and voltage harmonics is familiar to analog RF circuit design engineers. In fact, the mathematical technique of "harmonic balance" analysis, used in professional circuit design programs made by Agilent, Ansoft, and Applied Wave Research, was developed precisely to analyze such effects. The interested reader is referred to the engineering literature (cf. Gilbert and Steer) for explanation of the harmonic balance method in circuit analysis and design.

#### What to Expect?

We expect that as utilities roll out SmartMeters throughout the state, a strange irony will emerge: Those customers who did the most to save energy will see their bills increase the most, while late adopters who still use Edison's incandescent lamps, have no wall warts or consumer electronics, will see little or no increase in their electricity bills. A small increase of a percent or two may sometimes occur when the original electromechanical meter ran "slow" due to increased friction from age. However, the increase due to increasing the meter's measurement bandwidth by a factor of ten or more is much greater than a few percent. Given that the California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC) has allowed the electric utilities to change the definition of the billable watt by changing the measurement bandwidth, it seems reasonable and fair that consumers demand the CPUC to create new electric rates to go with the new meters and refund the difference to consumers who were overcharged by a mismatched application of old-meter billing rates to SmartMeter readings.

Furthermore, because meter nonlinearities can modify harmonic phase relationships to potentially create phantom power (equal amounts of fictitious positive and negative active power), it is reasonable and fair that consumers demand the CPUC to prohibit utilities from billing residential customers for anything except "net" active power. This means credit must be given for negative active power (power delivered to the grid by the consumer) as reported by electronic meters. Until it is proven that electronic meters cannot create phantom active power by altering harmonic phase relations, utilities should be prohibited from using billing policies like Policy B and should be required to bill customers for "net" or "positive-minus-negative" active power, which removes any phantom power from the customer's bill.

#### Acknowledgment

The author gratefully acknowledges David Dahle's watt-hour meter development history page at <a href="http://watt-hourmeters.com/">http://watt-hourmeters.com/</a> history.html

#### **Further Reading**

Wikipedia: Electricity meter. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Electricity\_meter

Electric Measuring Instruments and Meters, by Ft. Wayne Correspondence School, 1912.

R.C. Lanphier, Electric Meter History and Progress, Sangamo Electric Co., 1925.

J.W. Hammond, Men and Volts: A History of General Electric, General Electric Co., 1941.

"Progress in the Art of Metering Electric Energy," *AIEE Electrical Engineering*, Pt. 1, pp. 421, Sept.; Pt. 2, pp. 469, Oct.; Pt. 3, pp. 540, Nov.; and Pt. 4, pp. 581, Dec. 1941. Republished as pamphlet S-139, 36 pp., AIEE, 1942.

Yardstick for Power: 50 Years of Electric Metering, 96 pp., Sangamo Electric Co., 1949.

Employee Handbook, Duncan Electric Co. early 1970s.

GE Metering Course, documents GEZ-3550-1 and GEZ-3785-1, General Electric, 1960.

Handbook of Westinghouse Watthour Meters (various editions), Westinghouse.

- G. Claus, "The Influence of Harmonics on the Display Accuracy of Electric Meters," (German) Archiv fur Technisches Messen, pp. 85-91, Apr. 1965.
- F. Tschappu, "Methods for Determining the Effect of Mains Harmonics on the Accuracy of Electricity Meters," (German) *Archiv fur Technisches Messen*, Pt. 1, pp. 33-36, Feb. 1968; and Pt. 2, pp. 53-58, Mar. 1968.
- T. Baghzouz and O.T. Tan, "Harmonic Analysis of Induction Watthour Meter Performance," *IEEE Trans. Power Apparatus and Systems*, vol. 104, no. 2, pp. 399-406, Feb 1985.
- IEEE Tutorial Course, *Nonsinusoidal Situations: Effects on the Performance of Meters and Definitions of Power*, A.E. Emanuel, editor, IEEE cat. no. 90EH0327-7-PWR, ISBN 0780302508, Dec. 1990.
- R.J. Gilmore and M.B. Steer, "Nonlinear Circuit Analysis Using the Method of Harmonic Balance A Review of the Art: Part 1. Introductory Concepts," *Int. J. on Microwave and Millimeter-Wave Computer-Aided Engineering*, vol. 1, no. 1, pp. 22-37, Jan. 1991; "Part II. Advanced Concepts," vol. 1, no. 2, pp. 159-180, Apr. 1991.
- E.B. Makram et al., "A Harmonic Analysis of the Induction Watthour Meter's Registration Error," *IEEE Trans. Power Delivery*, vol. 7, no. 3, pp. 1080 -1088, July 1992.

- P.S. Filipski and P.W. Labaj, "Evaluation of Reactive Power Meters in the Presence of High Harmonic Distortion," *IEEE Trans. Power Delivery*, vol. 7, no. 4, pp. 1793-1799, Oct. 1992.
- P.S. Filipski, "Apparent Power A Misleading Quantity in the Non-Sinusoidal Power Theories Doomed to Fail?" *European Trans. Electrical Power Engineering*, vol. 3, no. 1, pp. 21-26, Jan/Feb. 1993. Discussion by L.S. Czarnecki, vol. 4, no. 5, pp. 427-32, Sept/Oct. 1994.
- IEEE Task Force on the Effects of Harmonics on Equipment (V.E. Wagner, chair), "Effects of Harmonics on Equipment," *IEEE PES Winter Meeting*, New York, Jan. 26-30, 1992; in *IEEE Trans. Power Delivery*, vol. 8, no. 2, pp. 672-680, Apr. 1993.
- IEEE Working Group on Nonsinusoidal Situations: Effects on Meter Performance and Definitions of Power (A.E. Emanuel, chair), "Practical Definitions for Powers in Systems with Nonsinusoidal Waveform and Unbalanced Loads: A Discussion," *IEEE Power Engineering Soc. Winter Meeting*, New York, Jan. 29-Feb. 2, 1995; in *IEEE Trans. Power Delivery*, vol. 11, no. 1, pp. 79-101, Jan. 1996.
- A. Domijan et al., "Watthour Meter Accuracy Under Controlled Unbalanced Harmonic Voltage and Current Conditions," *IEEE Trans. Power Delivery*, vol. 11, no. 1, pp. 64-72, Jan. 1996.
- J. Driesen et al., "The Registration of Harmonic Power by Analog and Digital Power Meters," *IEEE Instrumentation and Measurement Technology Conference*, pp. 291-296, Ottawa, Canada, May 19-21, 1997; in *IEEE Trans. Instrumentation and Measurement*, vol. 47, no. 1, pp. 195-198, Feb. 1998. Available online from <a href="http://www.esat.kuleuven.be/electa/publications/fulltexts/pub\_438.pdf">http://www.esat.kuleuven.be/electa/publications/fulltexts/pub\_438.pdf</a>
- A. Jurisch and D. Kramer, *Generation of Signal Proportional to Reactive Power in AC Circuit*, German patent, DE19613732-A1, Oct. 2, 1997.
- J. Lundquist and M.H.J. Bollen, "Harmonic Active Power Flow in Low and Medium Voltage Distribution Systems", *IEEE Power Engineering Soc. Winter Meeting*, vol. 4, pp. 2858-2863, Singapore, Jan. 23-27, 2000.
- E. Moulin, "Measuring Reactive Power in Energy Meters," *Metering International*, no. 1, pp. 52-54, Mar. 2002. Available online from Analog Devices.
- Handbook for Electricity Metering., 10<sup>th</sup> ed., Edison Electric Institute, Apr. 2002. First published as *Electrical Meterman's Handbook*, 1<sup>st</sup> ed., Edison Electric Institute, 1912.
- M. Saitou and T. Shimizu, "Generalized Theory of Instantaneous Active and Reactive Powers in Single-Phase Circuits Based on Hilbert Transform," *IEEE 33<sup>rd</sup> Annual Power Electronics Specialists Conf.* (PESC), vol. 3, pap. 8-3-5, pp. 1419-1424, Cairns, Queensland, Australia, June 23-27, 2002.
- M. Saitou and T. Shimizu, "A Single-Phase Instantaneous Active and Reactive Power Theory Based on Hilbert Transform," *IEE Japan Technical Meeting on Semiconductor Power Converters*, vol. SPC-02, pap. 109, pp. 77-82, Nov. 14-15, 2002.
- E. Moulin, "Measuring Harmonic Energy with a Solid-State Power Meter," *Metering International*, no. 3, pp. 68-70, Sept. 2003. Available online from Analog Devices.
- B. Andelkovic and M. Damnjanovic, "Design of Hilbert Transformer for Solid-State Energy Meter," 48th ETRAN Conf., vol. 1, pp. 83-86, Cacak, Serbia and Montenegro, June 6-10, 2004. Available online.
- F. Calegari, "Electric Power/Energy Measurements for Residential Single-Phase Networks," *IEEE Int'l Symp. Industrial Electronics*, vol. 3, pp. 1087-1092, Dubrovnic, Croatia, June 20-23, 2005.
- H. Pang, Z. Wang, and J. Chen, "A Measuring Method of the Single-Phase AC Frequency, Phase, and Reactive Power Based on the Hilbert Filtering," *IEEE Trans. Instrum. Meas.*, vol. 56, no. 3, pp. 918-923, June 2007.
- Cirrus Logic CS5463 Single Phase, Bi-directional Power/Energy IC, tech bulletin CS5463-DS678F2, Cirrus Logic, Apr 2008. Available online from <a href="http://www.cirrus.com">http://www.cirrus.com</a>.

#### **About the Author**

Steve Stearns, K6OIK, started in ham radio while in high school at the height of the Heathkit era. He holds FCC Amateur Extra and a commercial General Radio Operator license with Radar endorsement. He previously held Novice, Technician, and 1st Class Radiotelephone licenses. He studied electrical engineering at California State University Fullerton, the University of Southern California, and Stanford, specializing in electromagnetics, communication engineering and signal processing. Steve is currently Senior Staff Engineer at Northrop Grumman's Electromagnetic Systems Laboratory in San Jose, California, where he leads advanced technology projects in advanced signal processing algorithms, active non-Foster circuit design, exotic antennas, and electromagnetic wave phenomena. Steve is vice-president of the Foothills Amateur Radio Society, and served previously as assistant director of ARRL Pacific Division. He has over 50 professional publications and nine patents. Steve has received numerous awards for professional and community volunteer activities.

## PAARAgraphs—July 2010 Celebrating 73 years as an active ham radio club—Since 1937

## **Preparing for Field Day 2010!**



Tips from the expert: Dean Straw, N6BV.



Jim KI6KVW, Rebar N6CCH, and Don KE6CFX, working on one of the elements of one of our KT-34 tri-band beams.



Left to right are Thomas KG6ZOO, our Network Captain; Rebar & Gary, John K6YP & Rob KI6INR, our GOTA Captains; Dave AE6XA, CW ace (bottom); David KI6ZHD, who set up our digital equipment for GOTA (top); Rick N6DQ, the Captain of the CW-B station (bottom); and of course, the indispensable Gerry N6NV at the far right.

Assembling a KT-34 for testing. From left to right are Chris KG6O, Rob KI6INR, Gary KI76HIG, Gerry N6NV, and Jim, Rebar & Don with their backs to us.



(Board Meeting Minutes—Continued from page 75)

rived, and the 40M beam is up. Gary Barnes KI6HIG is thanked for the new high quality baluns he picked up in Fresno. Joel KD6W says we have instructions and firmware for the Cisco IP phones and expect a meeting Friday will have them functioning for use in the Ethernet system. The board discussed other opportunities for increasing our score such as visits from officials and emergency agencies. We have excellent preparation in place to do a great job at Field Day and are very much looking forward to the challenge and just plain fun!

The meeting was adjourned at 9:10 PM.

#### What Is Field Day?

Field Day occurs on the fourth full weekend in June, and tens of thousands of amateur radio operators gather in public parks, local government emergency operations centers, their homes, their cars, and even bicycles and boats to contact as many other stations as possible. Despite the variety of locations, the most active ones focus on public demonstration of our service and set up temporary radio stations out in the field to simulate the operating conditions we will face in a real emergency or natural disaster. For more information about the event, please read Jack Dane's article describing Field Day at <a href="http://paara.org/fieldday/about/">http://paara.org/fieldday/about/</a>.

#### **Tri-City VE Group Test Sessions**

Where: Hurricane Electric

48233 Warm Springs Blvd

Fremont, CA

When: Saturday, July 10, 9:00 a.m.

Thursday, August 19, 6:30 p.m.

For more information, contact Rita, **KI6SSQ@arrl.net**, (510) 703-7090 or

Bernhard, **AE6YN@arrl.net**, (510) 364-0611 or visit

www.sbara.org.

## Congratulations to the winners of the June 2010 Raffle!



1st Prize: Rebar / N6CCH / Icom IC V-80 / 2m / 5.5W /HT

2<sup>nd</sup> Prize: Linda Leong / KJ6AJN / 30 Amp Desktop Lightweight

**Switching Power Supply** 

3rd Prize: Greg Miller / WY6P / wiREVO S300 Stereo Bluetooth

Wireless Headset with Charger

4th Prize: Robin Yee / KI6YTA / Deltran Battery Tender Junior /

12V / 750mA / Auto Float Charge

5th Prize: Merritt Yee / KG6TNO / Two Midland FRS/GMRS 2-

Way Radios

6th Prize Dave Cooper / K6WA / "SolderSmoke" – A Global

Adventure in Radio Electronics Book

7th Prize Marty Wayne / W6NEV / LED Flashlight with Magnify-

ina Lens

8th Prize Byron / KG6UOB / USB LED Light

## THANK YOU FOR YOUR SUPPORT of PAARA's exciting monthly raffles!

PAARA had a remarkable year in 2009! If you aren't a member, please join PAARA now and experience fun 2010 events with the "friendliest club around."

K6AK Jim

#### **PAARA Exemplary Service Award**

Gerry Tucker, N6NV 2005 Rice Family 2006 Jim K6AK, Lisa KG6KQS, Kyle KG6MSK Wally Porter, K6URO 2007 Vic Black, AB6SO 2008 ??? - 2009



Celebrating 73 years as an active ham radio club—Since 1937

#### PAARA "The Friendliest Club Around"

## July 9th Raffle Prizes

#### FIRST PRIZE: YAESU FT-1900R 2m/55W/Mobile



- Extended Receiver Coverage 136-174 MHz
- Illuminated Microphone with Keyboard Frequency Entry and Recall
- 200 Memory Channels with Alpha-numeric Labeling
- Dedicated 10-Channel NOAA Weather Broadcast Channels
- Adjustable Mic Gain and Wide/Narrow Deviation and RX Bandwidth

#### SECOND PRIZE: Icom IC-V80 / 2m / 5.5W / HT

- Rugged / Water Resistant / 750mW of Loud Audio
- NiMH / 1400mAh Battery Pack / 13 Hours Operating Time
- Drop-In Charging Base
- PC Programmable with Optional CS-V80
- WX Channel and Weather Alert Function (USA Version Only)
- Transceiver-to-Transceiver Cloning (Optional)



#### THIRD PRIZE: Samlex 13.2V DC / 5.5 Amp / Power Supply / Output Socket-Terminals



FOURTH PRIZE: wiREVO S300 Stereo Bluetooth v2.0 Wireless Headset with Neckband, USB 2.0, includes Charger (Thanks Bill K6VW0!)

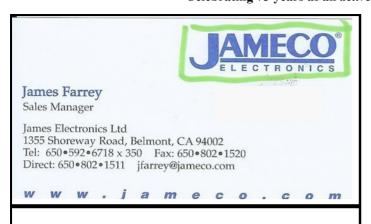
FIFTH PRIZE: ARRL Repeater Directory 2009/2010

**SIXTH PRIZE:** Sterling Deluxe Wire Stripper **SEVENTH PRIZE:** Icom / HRO Coffee Mug

EIGHTH PRIZE: Icom Band Plan and Yaesu World DX Map

Since February 2003, **181 Radios**, including THREE Elecraft K3's, a Yaesu FT-847, an Icom 706 MK IIG, a Yaesu FT-897D, and TWO Elecraft KX1's have gone to Fellow Hams.

Special Thanks to Bob, Howard, Jon, Mark, and everyone at HRO for their continued support!



# YOUR AD HERE See the next page for details

# The following badges are ready for pickup:

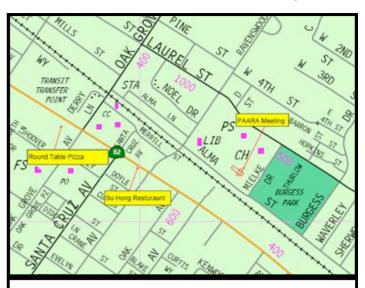
K4AZY, KJ6EOP, K6FEW, K6FTF, KJ6GBC, KI6GYY, N6JCY, KF6SRD, AF6TH, K6TSR, KG6QKN, KG6QKO, KI6VNI, and K6VVK

If you would like to order a badge, see Lynn Gentry, KG6JPV.

## **PAARA** Weekly Radio Net

Info and Swap Session every Monday evening at 8:30pm on the N6NFI 145.230 MHz repeater.

Week	Control Operator
1 <sup>st</sup>	Doug Teter - KG6LWE
$2^{nd}$	Paul Petach - KI6QXV
$3^{\rm rd}$	Jack Pines - W1VSL
$4^{th}$	Marty Wayne - W6NEV
5 <sup>th</sup>	Mike Bray - N6MEB



## **Directions to PAARA meeting:**

http://paara.org/meetings/

Join us for pre-meeting eyeball

# Eye Ball QSO gab & gobble

Food will be served at **6:00** sharp, so guests will be on time for the PAARA meeting. Those arriving late will be responsible for their own food order.

#### 5:30 pm—at Su Hong Restaurant 1039 El Camino Real Menlo Park

across from Kepler's Book Store on El Camino Real Walking distance from Caltrain!

#### Palo Alto Amateur Radio Association P.O. Box 911, Menlo Park, California 94026-0911

Club meetings are on the first Friday of each month, 7:00pm at the Menlo Park Rec Center, 700 Alma Street, Menlo Park, CA.

Radio NET & Swap Session every Monday evening, at 8:30pm, on the 145.230 -600 MHz repeater, PL 100Hz.

Membership in PAARA is \$20.00 per calendar year, which includes one subscription to PAARAgraphs \$6 for each additional family member (no newsletter).

Make payment to the Palo Alto Amateur Radio Association, P.O. Box 911. Menlo Park. CA 94026-0911

Permission is granted to reprint from this publication with appropriate source credit.

Celebrating 73 years as an active ham radio club—Since 1937

#### **DON'T FORGET!**

**Amateur** Radio **Technology** Day

July 24th, 2010

> 8AM to 9PM

at the SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory

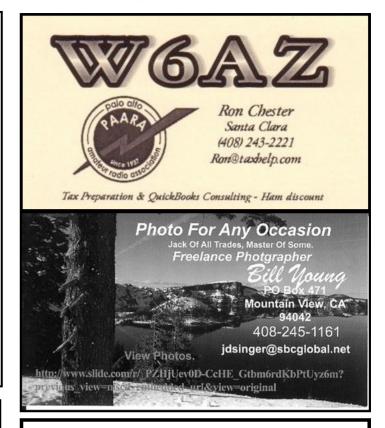
Ilse Beck, E. A., KI6IBM



441 N. Central Avenue, #9 Campbell, CA 95008

> Enrolled Agent Income Tax Bookkeeping/Payroll Elder Care Consultations Billing and A/R

Phone/FAX: 408-267-8234 Email: ilsebeck@ips.net





REDWOOD CITY -SAN FRANCISCO -

- 650-366-9111 - 415-495-2245 SAN JOSE —— 408-266-2245

TERRY FINN CA Insurance License # 1A38965, AA6T 234 Marshall Street, UPSTAIRS #3 Redwood City, CA 94063-1550

#### http://www.foto.mail.ru/list/shkurkin

SHKURKIN

shkurkin@ix.netcom.com

# **PowerFlare**

PowerFlare® safety lights: Ultra-rugged 360 degree LED beacon for your emergency kit, car, home ... **Order on eBay** or call 650-322-2476 (search for "PowerFlare")

PAARAgraphs E-mail address:

ki6yta@arrl.net

Submissions for PAARAgraphs by the 3rd Wednesday

Missing PAARAgraphs, too many copies, wrong name or

call on label? Contact Database Manager: Rick Melrose K6RDM, 1-888-725-1895, k6rdm@arrl.net

MSWORD, RTF, or TEXT

JPEG or TIFF raster images

П

П

## Vladimir Vladimirovich

**Editing and Translation Services** English-Russian-English

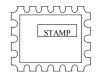
#### PAARAgraphs Ad Rates

Text:

Photos:

- PAARAgraphs accepts paid advertisements from non-members. (short personal ads remain free for members in good standing). All ad rates listed are per issue.
  - Not-for-profit ads by association members for ham-related items and wants. No cost for business card-size ads (additional space at \$2.50 per business card size per issue). 2. For Profit organizations and/or individuals: \$5-business card size, \$25-half page, \$50 full page or back cover per issue.
- These fees may be reduced or waived in exchange for a valuable consideration that is given to the Association or its general membership. Such consideration must be in addition to any existing arrangements with the association. The PAARAgraphs editors reserve the right to reject any ad deemed to be not in the best interest of the Association.
  - All fees payable in advance by the year with "scanner-ready" copy or text-only ads. Give payment and copy to Ron Chester, W6AZ

Accept no substitutes. Produced and printed in California USA



Palo Alto Amateur Radio Association, Inc. PAARAgraphs Newsletter P.O. Box 911 Menlo Park, California 94026

## **FIRST CLASS MAIL**

